

# ОЦЕНОЧНЫЕ СРЕДСТВА ДЛЯ ТЕКУЩЕГО КОНТРОЛЯ УСПЕВАЕМОСТИ, ПРОМЕЖУТОЧНОЙ АТТЕСТАЦИИ ПО ИТОГАМ ОСВОЕНИЯ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ И УЧЕБНО-МЕТОДИЧЕСКОЕ ОБЕСПЕЧЕНИЕ САМОСТОЯТЕЛЬНОЙ РАБОТЫ СТУДЕНТОВ

## 1. Тематика электронных презентаций:

1. My future job
2. Jobs and Works
3. Great achievements
4. Higher education in Great Britain, The USA, Australia.
5. Business and Law in Russia and Great Britain.

## 2 Примеры тестов и контрольных вопросов для проведения текущего контроля и промежуточной аттестации

### Module I Test

#### Passive voice

#### Выберите правильный вариант ответа

1. The day before yesterday we (invite) to the restaurant by Tom Jenkins.  
a) are invited  
b) were invited  
c) invite
2. The letter and the parcel (post) tomorrow.  
a) will be post  
b) will have been posted  
c) will be posted
3. I (bear) in a small Russian town not far from Samara.  
a) was borne  
b) am born  
c) was born
4. Many houses (build) every year.  
a) are built  
b) is built  
c) were build
5. The dinner (serve) in half an hour.  
a) will serve  
b) will be served  
c) is served
6. Last week Sally (offer) a new job.  
a) offered  
b) were offered  
c) was offered
7. Soccer (play) in many countries.  
a) is played  
b) are played

c) played

8. The plane (expect) to be on time.

a) expects

b) is expected

c) will expect

9. The fence (paint) by Nick two hours ago.

a) is painted

b) was painted

c) will be painted

**Глаголы can, may, must и их эквиваленты.**

**Дополните предложения подходящими модальными глаголами:**

1. You ... talk to your son about his future.

2. You ... see the forest through the other window.

3. You ... follow instructions before taking medicines.

4. Sandra ... speak four languages.

5. Tom ... come and see you tomorrow if you like.

6. The tourists ... attend this museum from 9 till 17 o'clock every day.

**Установите правильную последовательность:**

7. Must, things, asking, you, not, my, without, borrow.

8. All, windows, the, in, we, must, wash, house.

9. We, answer, question, the, had to, all.

10. He, get up, on, if, wants, the, to, bus, must, early, Monday, he, catch.

11. To, week, I, can't, your, come, party, next.

12. Everywhere, book, couldn't, I, for, but, find, looked, the, it, I.

**Переведите предложения на английский язык:**

1. Альберт старше Джона.

2. Волга – самая длинная река в Европе.

3. Я думаю, что французский язык труднее, чем английский.

4. Лондон – один из самых больших городов мира.

5. В прошлом семестре у меня было меньше экзаменов, чем в этом.

6. Моя сестра говорит по-английски хуже, чем я.

7. Это самый важный день в его жизни!

8. Патрик не такой талантливый, как Джейн.

9. Мой старший брат такой же высокий, как отец.

10. Андрей – лучший студент в группе!

### **My University**

**Закончите предложения подходящими по смыслу словами:**

1. The University has the full-time, part-time and ... .

a) distant-learning education versions

b) external course

c) distant-learning and external education versions

2. It is a basic higher educational establishment of ... .

- a) power specialists training
  - b) teacher training
  - c) power engineers training
3. More than 10000 students and post-graduate students ... . . .
- a) are teaching at the University
  - b) are studying at the University
  - c) are learning at the University

**Найдите соответствия:**

scientific research centre	аспиранты
establishment	оборудование
equipment	вечернее обучение
full – time	диссертация
part-time	научно-исследовательский центр
post-graduate students	учреждение
theses	дневное обучение
to be at smb's disposal	быть в чем-либо распоряжении

**Установите правильный порядок слов**

1. students / how many / University / study / our / at?
2. the University / does / staff / a / have / professional?
3. became / power / the center / the University / of / specialists training / engineering.
4. the University / leisure / students / organizes / club / time / the students.
5. KSPEU / for / years / student's / several / is / festival / of / Student's / a winner / spring.

**Найдите слова с противоположным значением**

full – time	to graduate
modern	part-time
foreign	ancient
graduating student	native
to be occupied	first-year student
to enter	to be free

**Module II**  
**Test**

**Вставьте на место пропуска необходимую форму герундия:**

1. After ... (graduate) from the university he worked in the Far North.
2. He remembered ... (add) some water to the mixture.
3. At the meeting they discussed different ways of ... (improve) their work.
4. There are different ways of ... (obtain) the substance.
5. What is the reason of his ... (leave) the city so suddenly?
6. New possibilities of ... (apply) atomic energy open up.
7. ... (split) the atom is a difficult task.
8. After ... (close) the circuit we measured the resistance.

9. Transformers are used for ... (change) direct current into alternating current.  
10. Their aim was ... (obtain) all the necessary data.

**Выберите подходящую форму слова (герундий):**

11. ... English technical magazines is important for an engineer.  
a) read b) have read c) having read d) reading
12. He remembers ... some water to the mixture.  
a) having added b) to add c) has added d) have added
13. They finished ... apparatus only on Saturday.  
a) install b) installed c) installing d) was installed
14. I remember his ... in languages in his childhood.  
a) having been interested b) to be interested c) has been interested d) interesting
15. I know of his ... to work to the Far East last year.  
a) sent b) to be sent c) having been sent d) was sent
16. They objected to his ... at home.  
a) stayed b) staying c) to stay d) have stayed
17. ... foreign languages is important for every educated man.  
a) have been speaking b) spoke c) speaking d) spoken
18. They began ... experiments in May.  
a) making b) made c) have made d) having been made
19. After ... the examination in January he had to take it again in February.  
a) failing b) to fail c) has failed d) have been failed
20. There are different ways of ... this substance.  
a) had obtained b) having obtained c) obtaining d) was obtaining
21. After ... from the University he worked in the Far North.  
a) graduated b) was graduating c) have graduated d) graduating
22. At the meeting they discussed different ways of ... their work.  
a) improving b) has improved c) has been improved d) being improved
23. The organizers of the conference were informed about his ... to take part in it.  
a) to refuse b) had refused c) was refused d) refusing
24. What is the reason for his ... our city so suddenly?  
a) was left b) having left c) was leaving d) had been left
25. We heard of the experiment ... last week.  
a) having started b) has started c) was starting d) will start
26. He improved his report by ... the end.  
a) changing b) to change c) being changed d) has changed
27. Instead of ... the old theatre they decided to build a new one in the centre of the town.  
a) restore b) restoring c) have restored d) has restored
28. New possibilities for ... atomic energy open up.  
a) apply b) have been applied c) applying d) had been applied
29. Is it possible to set up power stations based on ... the heat of the Sun?  
a) utilizing b) to utilize c) have been utilized d) was utilized
30. The idea of ... a multi-stage rocket belongs to Tsiolkovsky.  
a) to create b) creating c) was created d) will be created
31. Before ... the balloon was filled with a special gas.  
a) send b) will send c) has been sent d) being sent
32. What apparatus is used for ... air pressure?  
a) measure b) was measured c) measuring d) have been measured
33. ... of wood the bridge couldn't carry heavy loads.  
a) being built b) have built c) building d) to build
34. ... the experiment the students left the laboratory.  
a) finished b) to finish c) having finished d) having been finished

35. Science requires ...

a) were experimenting b) experimenting c) have been experimenting d) to be experimenting

36. He pointed out that the ... time of the device was very short.

a) assembling b) will assemble c) will be assembling d) have assembled

**Выберите форму Participle I следующих глаголов:**

1. to offer  
a) offered  
b) offering  
c) has been offered
2. to connect  
a) having connected  
b) connected  
c) is being connected
3. to increase  
a) being increased  
b) have increased  
c) increased
4. to perform  
a) performed  
b) are performing  
c) having been performed

**Выберите форму Participle II следующих глаголов:**

5. to find  
a) having been found  
b) found  
c) having found
6. to deserve  
a) deserving  
b) has deserved  
c) deserved
7. to choose  
a) chose  
b) chosen  
c) having been chosen
8. to remain  
a) remained  
b) remainin  
c) having remained

**Выберите правильный перевод словосочетаний:**

1. The engineer using a new method.  
a) инженер, использующий новый метод  
b) инженер использовал новый метод  
c) новый метод, использованный инженером
2. Having offered her his help.  
a) он предложил ей свою помощь  
b) помощь, предложенная ей  
c) предложив ей свою помощь
3. The research made in the laboratory.  
a) исследование выполнено в лаборатории  
b) исследование, выполненное в лаборатории  
c) выполнив исследование в лаборатории
4. Receiving important information.  
a) получив важную информацию

- b) получая важную информацию  
 c) полученная важная информация
5. The new equipment having been installed recently.  
 a) новое оборудование, установленное недавно в лаборатории  
 b) установив новое оборудование недавно в лаборатории  
 c) новое оборудование установлено недавно в лаборатории
6. The student studying foreign languages.  
 a) изучая иностранные языки  
 b) студент изучал иностранные языки  
 c) студент, изучавший иностранные языки
7. The problems being solved successfully.  
 a) проблемы, решаемые успешно  
 b) решая проблемы успешно  
 c) проблемы решают успешно
8. Producing new cars.  
 a) производя новые автомобили  
 b) произведенные новые автомобили  
 c) произведя новые автомобили
9. The explanation given by scientists.  
 a) ученые дали объяснение  
 б) объяснение, данное учеными  
 c) дав объяснение

**Выберите форму Participle I следующих глаголов:**

- |                |   |
|----------------|---|
| 1. to offer    | a) offered<br>b) offering<br>c) has been offered              |
| 2. to connect  | a) having connected<br>b) connected<br>c) is being connected  |
| 3. to increase | a) being increased<br>b) have increased<br>c) increased       |
| 4. to perform  | a) performed<br>b) are performing<br>c) having been performed |

**Module III**  
**Test**

**Вставьте на место пропусков нужную разновидность инфинитива:**

1. We thought him ... (to leave) the city last Friday.
2. I suppose this machine ... (to work) on negligible amount of fuel.
3. He noted timber ... (to replace) by iron and concrete in building.
4. She saw him ... (to cross) the road and ... (to enter) the airport building.
5. The 20<sup>th</sup> century is considered ... (to be) the century of space travels.
6. His brother is claimed ... (to graduate) from the university two years ago.
7. She seems ... (to wait) for you now.
8. The police officer made him ... (to pay) the charge.

9. The teacher announced this theory ... (to claim) in the 17<sup>th</sup> century.
10. The weather appears ... (to improve) at the moment.

**Выберите правильный перевод слов из предложенных вариантов:**

1. огромный a) advanced b) flat c) huge d) convenient
2. отапливать a) to heat b) to tie c) to increase d) to extend
3. преимущество a) shortage b) strength c) effort d) advantage
4. главный a) shallow b) recent c) main d) huge
5. единица a) place b) unit c) shape d) hole
6. нехватка a) duration b) damage c) shortage d) strength
7. дорогой a) expensive b) advanced c) complicated d) permanent
8. связывать a) to cut b) to tie c) to cover d) to arouse
9. продолжительность a) advantage b) establishment c) duration d) length
10. передовой a) advanced b) expensive c) ordinary d) similar
11. толпа a) part b) piece c) crowd d) unit

**Выберите противоположное по значению слово:**

1. empty a) shallow b) proper c) full d) dry
2. shallow a) flat b) huge c) similar d) deep
3. easy a) above b) difficult c) main d) successful
4. to destroy a) to arouse b) to cut c) to build d) to heat
5. to assemble a) to cover b) to part c) to extend d) to manufacture
6. to remain a) to assemble b) to place c) to leave d) to put up
7. strength a) weakness b) crowd c) hole d) brick
8. always a) still b) never c) as well d) without
9. to damage a) to tie b) to shape c) to heat d) to restore

**Module IV**

**Test**

**Переведите следующие предложения, в которых содержатся формы сослагательного наклонения:**

1. If the terms be the same, we'll most probably have a deal.  
If you were able to come, it would be very nice.  
If they agreed, it would be great.  
Had they known about it earlier, they would have used the new methods.
2. It is important that the terms be observed.  
It was suggested that the agreement be reached in the near future.
3. He offered to pay as if he were able to afford it.
4. I wish these measures were taken at this point of time.  
I wish they hadn't talked about it.
5. There would be no life without water.

**Выберите правильный перевод слов из предложенных вариантов:**

1. рычаг a) square b) majority c) charge d) crank
2. проводник a) resistance b) source c) conductor d) pump
3. предохранитель a) fuse b) fault c) transformer d) circuit

4. распределять            a) induce    b) distribute c) vary      d) measure  
5. якорь                    a) core        b) loop        c) armature d) unit  
6. переменный            a) efficient   b) alternating c) supplementary d) law

**Составьте предложения, используя данные слова и словосочетания:**

1. Conduct, electric, experiments, current.
2. Source, use, electricity, widespread, power.
3. Field, around, magnetic field, flow, current, electric.
4. Types, charge, two, exist, different, charge, electric.
5. Prime mover, consist of, station, central.

**Module V**  
**Test**



**Подберите соответствие слову или выражению:**

1. coal source heat circuit oil  
тепло нефть источник уголь пар электрическая цепь
2. oil product high price crude oil solid material oil industry  
нефтяная промышленность высокая цена твердое вещество нефтепродукт сырая нефть износостойкий материал
3. peat surface deposit asphalt major source underground deposit  
битум основной источник древесный уголь подземное месторождение торф месторождение на поверхности
4. steam engine to bring into production to provide internal combustion engine shale oil  
вечный двигатель обеспечивать пускать в эксплуатацию паровой двигатель сланцевое масло двигатель внутреннего сгорания
5. consumption demand to expand supply consumer  
расширять понижать спрос запас потребитель потребление
6. refinery heating oil oil supply domestic source cut back  
мазут внутренний источник поставка нефти сокращение прирост нефтеперерабатывающий завод
7. pipeline to separate surface blending lubricant  
нефтехимический завод поверхность смазка смешение трубопровод отделять
8. heavy fuel oil to compete petroleum field deep structure jet fuel  
сжижать конкурировать тяжелое дизельное топливо авиационное топливо глубинная структура нефтяное месторождение
9. to drill oil market to liquefy considerable oil spill  
нефтяной рынок сжижать обязательный бурить утечка нефти значительный
10. source of pollution to discharge sulfur to restrict the amount to pollute  
загрязнять разряжать сера ограничивать количество природный газ источник загрязнения
11. to convert development to provide heat carbon content to produce steam  
содержание углерода преобразовывать обеспечивать отопление исследование производить пар развитие
12. convenient coal output to force out to heat houses contribution  
вытеснять отопление отапливать помещения производство угля вклад удобный
13. miner impurity drainage of acid productive coal consumption  
примесь производительный сток кислот шахтер потребление угля оседание почвы
14. warming nitrogen oxide greenhouse effect to reduce pollution particle  
окись азота парниковый эффект увеличивать загрязнение частица потепление уменьшать загрязнение
15. natural gas surface mining acid rain huge reserve mixture  
высокая стоимость природный газ добыча угля на поверхности огромный запас кислотный дождь смесь
16. to limit alcohol fuel quantity various to be restricted  
восстанавливать количество топливо на основе спирта ограничивать различный быть ограниченным
17. equipment to enrich nuclear fission attempt nuclear power  
расщепление ядра попытка атомная энергия энергия солнца обогащать оборудование
18. fossil fuel safety consequence waste products solar radiation источник энергии  
последствие солнечная радиация отходы ископаемое топливо безопасность
19. renewable energy pressure insulator nuclear power plant common feature  
атомная электростанция изолятор сопротивление общая черта давление возобновляемая энергия

20. inexhaustible to design to penetrate to maintain ray  
проникать испытывать разрабатывать осуществлять ремонт луч неисчерпаемый

**Расставьте слова в правильной последовательности:**

1. Energy / exist / cannot / life / modern / without.
2. During the Middle Ages / wood / charcoal / to make / began to be used.
3. Civilization / energy / the basis / of / industrial / is.
4. Was / wood / major / the first / source / energy.
5. Wood / at the beginning of / was replaced / the Industrial Revolution / by coal.
6. To drive / coal / the steam engine / was used.
7. Engine / the internal / gasoline / is used / combustion / in.
8. In Iran / brought / into production / the British / the first oil field.
9. Replaced / heating oil / coal / in many energy markets.
10. Today / about 29 dollars / the world price / a barrel / crude oil / for / is.