1. *Поставьте следующие существительные во множественное число*

*(обратите внимание на артикли: неопределенный артикль во*

*множественном числе опускается, определенный артикль сохраняется).*

babies, plants, lemons, peaches, bananas, brushes, stars, mountains, trees, shillings, kings, the waiters, the queens, men, the men, women, the women, eyes, shelves, boxes, the cities, boys, geese,the watches, mice, dresses, toys, the sheep, teeth, children, the oxen, deer, the lives, tomatoes, secretaries, crowds, the airports, theatres the tornadoes, shops, the tragedies

*2. Поставьте следующие прилагательные в сравнительной и*

*превосходной степени.*

hot - hotter - the hotest

long - longer - the longest

short - shorter - the shortest

clever - cleverer - the cleverest

silly - sillier - the silliest

great - greater - the greatest

red - redder - the reddest

black - blacker - the blackest

white - whiter - the whitest

thin - thiner - the thinest

thick - thicker - the thickest

fat - fatter - the fattest

nice - nicer - the nicest

warm - warmer - the warmest

cold - colder - the coldest

merry - marrier - the marriest

small - smaller - the smallest

tall - taller - the tallest

high - higher- the highest

weak - weaker - the weakest

strong - stronger - the strongest

heavy - heavier - the heaviest

light - lighter - the lightest

green - greener - the greenest

dry - drier - the driest

wide - wider - the widest

deep - deeper - the deepest

brave - braver - the bravest

*3. Переведите следующие предложения обращая внимание на степени сравнения прилагательных.*

1. This is the most valuable painting in the Russian Museum

2. My computer is not as new as my friend's

3. Our exams are much more difficult than yours

4. The building of Moscow University is the tallest in the capital

5. Our city is not as big as Kiev, but it is just as beautiful

6. Nevsky Prospect is one of the most beautiful streets in St. Petersburg

7. Who is the youngest student in our group? - Petrov. But he's the tallest

8. English grammar is difficult, but English pronunciation is more difficult

9. Магазины на нашей улице больше, чем магазины на вашей улице

10. Our TV is as good as this one

*4. Переведите на английский язык, употребляя глагол to be в Present Simple, Past Simple или Future Simple.*

1. They were in the library yesterday

2. They are at school now

3. Tomorrow they will be at the theater

4. He is not here at the moment

5. He will be at a concert on Sunday

6. He was at the stadium last Saturday

7. My brother is in school now

8. My brother was in the cinema yesterday

9. My brother will be home tomorrow

10. Will you be home tomorrow?

11. Was she in the park yesterday?

12. He is now in the yard?

13. Where is Daddy?

14. Where were you yesterday?

15. Where will he be tomorrow?

*5. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в одном из следующих времен:*

*Present Simple, Past Simple, Future Simple; Present Continuous, Past*

*Continuous; Present Perfect, Past Perfect.*

1. *likes* *eats, Met, was eating*, *told*, *had bought*, *is eating*.
2. *come*.

**3.** *came*.

**4.** *willn’t go* , *went*,*has been*, *will stay, will.*

**5.** *is doing*.

**6.** *works* , *is* , *isn't working, is reading*.

**7.** *wasn't seeing*, *have you been, I have,* *you know .*

**8.** *he was doing* ,*wasn't doing*, *was looking*.

**9.** *We're having*, *am* .