

tes to nine. 4. Tomorrow Nick won't go to the cinema because he was there yesterday. He has already been to the cinema this week. He will stay at home and will play a computer game. 5. What is your brother doing now? 6. My father works in an office. It is Sunday now. He isn't working the office, he is reading at home. 7. I haven't seen you for a while! Have you been busy at work? - I have had an awful week, you know. 8. What was he doing at ten o'clock last night? - He wasn't doing anything really. He was just looking at some magazines. 9. We are having rather a difficult time at the moment. - I am sorry to hear that. 10. Something awful has happened. Her little daughter swallowed a coin. 11. She asked me if I had seen her backpack. 12. After the boys do all the work, they will go to the pictures.

- here. 5. On Sunday he will be at the concert. 6. Last Saturday he was at the stadium. 7. My brother is at school now. 8. My brother was at the cinema yesterday. 9. My brother will be at home tomorrow. 10. Will you be at home tomorrow? 11. Was she in the park yesterday? 12. ~~He~~ Is he in the yard now? 13. Where is father? 14. Where were you yesterday? 15. Where will ^{he} be tomorrow?

5) Раскройте скобки, употребив нужный вид и время гл. *бремен*: Present Simple, Past Simple, Present Continuous, Past Continuous, Present Perfect, Past Perfect:

1. My friend likes pies. He eats pies every day. When I met him in the street yesterday, he was eating a pie. He told me that he had bought that pie at the corner of the street. Look at my friend now! He is eating a pie again. 2. I always come to school at a quarter to nine. 3. Yesterday I came to school at ten minu-

he is the tallest. 8. English grammar is difficult, but English pronunciation is more difficult. 9. The shops in our street are larger than the shops in your street. 10. Our TV set is as good as this one. 11. This room is lighter than that one. 12. Today the weather is worse than yesterday. It is colder today and it is raining. 13. My room is not so large as my friend's room, but it is lighter and warmer. 14. Which of these books is the most interesting? 15. November is not such a cold month as January. 16. My father is a very busy man. 17. The Crimea is one of the best places for rest. 18. Today he feels much better.

4) Перепишите на английском языке, употребив время to be в Present Simple, Past Simple или Future Simple:

1. Yesterday they were at the library. 2. They are at school now. 3. Tomorrow they will be at the theatre. 4. At the moment he is not

nice - nicer - the nicest; heavy - heavier - the heaviest;
warm - warmer - the warmest; light - lighter - the lightest;
cold - colder - the coldest; green - greener - the greenest;
merry - merrier - the merriest; dry - drier - the driest;
small - smaller - the smallest; clean - cleaner - the cleanest;
tall - taller - the tallest; dirty - dirtier - the dirtiest;
high - higher - the highest; wide - wider - the widest;
weak - weaker - the weakest; deep - deeper - the deepest;
strong - stronger - the strongest; brave - braver - the bravest.

3) Перепишите предложения и сравните.
manus ut crenemu cpabnemur nparararernox:

1. This is the most valuable painting in the Russian Museum. 2. My computer isn't as new as my friends. 3. Our exams are much more difficult than yours. 4. The building of Moscow University is the tallest in the capital. 5. Our town is not so big as Kiev, but it is as beautiful. 6. Nevsky Prospect is one of the most beautiful streets in St. Petersburg. 7. Who is the youngest pupil in our group? - Petrov is. But

a cat - cats, a match - matches, a thief - thieves
a bush - bushes, a way - ways, a key - keys
a desk - desks, a house - houses,
a table - tables, a family - families,
a plate - plates, a flag - flags,
a fox - foxes, a town - towns,
a room - rooms, a wolf - wolves,
a lady - ladies, a country - countries,
a knife - knives, a lion - lions,
a chair - chairs, a park - parks,
a bus - buses, a play - plays,
a hero - heroes, a dictionary - dictionaries,

2) Постарайтесь преобразовать прилагательные в наречия.
и прилагательные в существительные.

Hot - hotter - the hottest; red - redder - the reddest,
long - longer - the longest; black - blacker - the blackest,
short - shorter - the shortest; white - whiter - the whitest;
clever - cleverer - the cleverest; thin - thinner - the thinnest,
silly - sillier - the silliest; thick - thicker - the thickest,
great - greater - the greatest; fat - fatter - the fattest;

Английские Пауки
Учебное
24.04.20.

1) составьте предложения соответствующие по
числам:

A baby - babies; the woman - the women; the life - the lives
a plant - plants; an eye - eyes; a tomato - tomatoes;
a lemon - lemons; a shelf - shelves; a secretary - secretaries;
a peach - peaches; a box - boxes; a crowd - crowds;
a banana - bananas; the city - the cities; a shop - shops
a brush - brushes; a boy - boys; the airport - the airports;
a star - stars; the goose - the geese; a theatre - theatres
a mountain - mountains; the watch - the watches;
a tree - trees; a mouse - mouses; the tornado - the tornadoes;
a shilling - shillings; a dress - dresses; the tragedy - the tragedies;
a king - kings; a toy - toys; a pen - pens;
the waiter - the waiters; the sheep - the sheep;
the queen - the queens; a tooth - teeth; a class - classes;
a man - men; a child - children; a story - stories;
the man - the men; the ox - the oxen; a road - roads;
a woman - women; a deer - deer; a day - days;