1. *Поставьте следующие существительные во множественное число (обратите внимание на артикли: неопределенный артикль во множественном числе опускается, определенный артикль сохраняется).*

Babies, plants, lemons, peaches, bananas, brushes, stars, mountains, trees, shillings, kings, the waiters, the queens, men, the men, women, the women, eyes, shelves, boxes, the cities, boys, geese, the watches, mice, dresses, toys, the sheep, teeth, children, the oxen, deer, the lives, tomatoes, secretaries, crowds, the airports, theatres, the tornadoes, shops, the tragedies.

2. *Поставьте следующие прилагательные в сравнительной и превосходной степени.*

Hot – hoter – the hotest

Long – longer – the longest

Short – shorter – the shortest

Clever – cleverer – the cleverest

Silly – stillier – the stilliest

Great – greater – the greatest

Red – reder – the redest

Black – blacker – the blackest

White – whiter – the whitest

Thin – thiner – the thinest

Thick – thicker – rhe thinckest

Fat – fater – the fatest

Nice – nicer – the nicest

Warm – warmer – the warmest

Cold – colder – the coldest

Merry – merrier – the merriest

Small – smaller – the smallest

Tall – taller – the tallest

High – higher – the highest

Weak – weaker – the weakest

Strong – stronger – the strongest

Heavy - heavier – the heaviest

Light – lighter – the lightest

Green – greener – the greenest

Dry – drier – the driest

Clean – cleaner – the cleanest

Dirty – dirtier – the dirtiest

Wide – wider – the widest

Deep – deeper – the deepest

Brave – bravier – the braviest.

*3. Переведите следующие предложения обращая внимание на степени сравнения прилагательных.*

*1. This is the most valuable painting in the Russian Museum. 2. My computer is not as new as my friend's. 3. Our exams are much more difficult than yours. 4. The building of Moscow University is the tallest in the capital. 5. Our city is not as big as Kiev, but it is just as beautiful. 6. Nevsky Prospect is one of the most beautiful streets of St. Petersburg. 7. Who is the youngest student in our group? - Petrov. But he is the tallest. 8. English grammar is difficult, but English pronunciation is more difficult. 9. There are more shops on our street than shops on your street. 10. Our TV is as good as this one.*

*4. Переведите на английский язык, употребляя глагол to be в Present Simple, Past Simple или Future Simple.*

1. Yesterday they were in the library. 2. They are now at school. 3. Tomorrow they will be at the theater. 4. At the moment he is not here. 5. On Sunday he will be at the concert. 6. He was at the stadium last Saturday. 7. My brother is at school now. 8. My brother was at the cinema yesterday. 9. My brother will be home tomorrow. 10. Will you be home tomorrow? 11. Was she at the park yesterday? 12. Is he in the yard now? 13. Where is daddy? 14. Where were you yesterday? 15. Where will he be tomorrow?

*5. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в одном из следующих времен: Present Simple, Past Simple, Future Simple; Present Continuous, Past Continuous; Present Perfect, Past Perfect.*

likes, eats, was eating, told, had bought, is eating, come, came, will not go, was, has been, will stay, play, is doing, works, is not working, is reading, have not seen, have been, have had, know, was doing, was not doing, was looking, are having, am.