

## Unit 2. (Ex. 2)

- 1) There are 2 types of electric charges: positive and negative.
- 2) His experiments proved that atmospheric electricity, which causes the phenomenon of lightning and thunder, is identical to the electrostatic charge of the "Leyden jar".
- 3) The force between electric charges varies inversely with the square of the distance between the charges.
- 4) This scientist made a great contribution to the development of the doctrine of electricity.
- 5) Electricity is a form of energy.
- 6) Electric circuits obey the laws of conservation of energy.
- 7) Properties of electromagnetic waves.

- 8) The widespread use of electricity as a source of energy occurred at the beginning of the last century.
- 9) Equal and oppositely charged bodies are connected to each other by a metal conductor.
- 10) The flow of electrons from a negatively charged body to a positively charged body.
- 11) The flow of electrons from a point with a lower potential to a point with a higher potential.
- 12) The resistance in the network limits the amount of current.
- 13) Ohm's law can be expressed as the following algebraic equation.
- 14) When an electric current passes through a wire, the temperature of the wire rises.
- 15) When the electrons of the current collide with the atoms of the conductor, energy is generated.
- 16) The compass needle located next to the wire will deviate in the direction perpendicular to the wire.